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President of the Republic sends message to Pope Leo XIV

President of the Republic Abdelmadjid Tebboune sent Wednesday a message to the Pope of the Vatican, Leo XIV, expressing to him his sincere heartfelt wishes for the success of the surgical operation he underwent, and for a speedy recovery and good health and well-being.



The message read: “Your Holiness Pope Leo XIV, Pope of the Vatican, Supreme Pontiff, I learned with deep emotion and sympathy of Your Holiness’s admission to hospital for surgery.

In the face of this health setback, I extend my sincerest expressions of solidarity and good wishes, and my heartfelt hopes for a successful operation, a speedy recovery and good health and well-being.”

The President of the Republic added: “I value your efforts to spread the values of peace and tolerance around the world, and I hope Your Holiness will regain his health as soon as possible and continue his mission of promoting dialogue and understanding among peoples. Please accept, Your Holiness, the assurances of my highest esteem and respect.”

President Tebboune chairs national meeting with economic operators

President of the Republic Abdelmadjid Tebboune presided over a national meeting with economic operators on Wednesday afternoon at the Abdelatif Rahal International Conference Center (CIC) in Algiers.

The meeting brought together senior state officials, government members, and senior executives, as well as directors of public and private institutions, industrial groups, and other public bodies.



A documentary on national economic activity for the period 2021-2026, produced by the National Economic Renewal Council (CREA), was then screened, highlighting the development and growth achieved in economic sectors and improvements in the business and investment environment.

President Tebboune stresses significant progress in investment following revision of legislation

President of the Republic Abdelmadjid Tebboune on Wednesday afternoon highlighted significant progress in investment following the revision of the legislation, noting that the recorded indicators for non-hydrocarbon gross domestic product (GDP) reflect efforts to diversify the economy.



President Tebboune spoke at the Abdelatif Rahal International Conference Center (CIC) in Algiers, where he chaired the national meeting with economic operators.

The President of the Republic stated that “the figures recorded for non-oil gross domestic product reflect the efforts spent to diversify the economy so that it becomes less dependent on oil.”

President Tebboune also underlined significant progress in investment after reviewing the legislation.

Presidential decree on missions, operation of National One-Stop Shop for Investment issued



The national one-stop shop for investment in Algeria will be operational on January 1, 2027, announced President Abdelmadjid Tebboune on Wednesday, October 14, during a meeting with business leaders in Algiers.

Algeria has established by decree the missions of a national single window for investment, responsible for centralizing the decisions and authorizations of projects registered with it. Signed on October 12, the text was published in the Official Journal on October 13, 2026.

The Algerian Investment Promotion Agency, AAPI, will continue its missions until the effective establishment of the new entity, as stipulated by the decree. The files already in progress will be transferred according to a schedule jointly determined by the heads of the two organizations, without interruption of services to investors.

The counter will support projects from their registration to their implementation and operation. Its specialized hubs will bring together authorized representatives from the relevant administrations to handle procedures for business creation, land, taxation, network connections, as well as employment and social security.

For project holders, the text also regulates the timeframes for issuing the authorizations and documents necessary for their realization. It sets a maximum of fifteen days from the receipt of the files, extended to twenty days for the preliminary agreements for the creation of classified establishments in the first three categories.

The acts regularly issued by the poles will be enforceable against the concerned administrations. They will not be able to impose a new formality or administrative assessment for their execution, according to Article 24.

Based in Algiers and placed under the supervision of the Prime Minister or the head of government, the office will be headed by a chief executive officer appointed by presidential decree, with the rank of State Minister. It will be particularly responsible for granting economic land and the benefits to which the projects are eligible.

The President of the Republic appoints Lounès Magramane as Chief of Staff of the Presidency of the Republic



The President of the Republic appoints Mr. Lounès Magramane as Chief of Staff of the Presidency of the Republic.



Before his appointment to this position, Mr. Magramane held the position of Secretary General of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, National Community Abroad, and African Affairs.

The President of the Republic appoints Brahim Merad as Minister of State, Minister of Interior and Local Authorities, and Saïd Sayoud as Minister of Transport

The President of the Republic, Mr. Abdelmadjid Tebboune, appointed on Tuesday Mr. Brahim Merad as Minister of State, Minister of Interior and Local Authorities, and Mr. Saïd Sayoud as Minister of Transport.



Algeria condemns the Colombian government's opening of an embassy in the occupied city of El-Quds



Algeria expresses, on Wednesday, its condemnation and indignation following the Colombian government's opening of an embassy in the occupied city of Al-Quds Ash-Sharif, affirming that this regrettable decision constitutes an unacceptable measure that falls within the framework of illegal and repeated attempts to alter the legal and historical status of the city of El-Quds and to impose a fait accompli, in blatant violation of international law and relevant international legality decisions.

Algeria also emphasizes that this illegal action is likely to compromise the two-state solution approved by the international community, to contribute to fuelling the conflict in the region, and to undermine efforts aimed at establishing a just, comprehensive, and lasting peace in the Middle East.

Algeria reiterates its call to the international community, particularly the United Nations Security Council, to assume its legal, moral, and historical responsibilities and to act urgently to put an end to the recurring policies aimed at imposing a new illegal reality in the occupied Palestinian territories.

Algeria, Senegal stress importance of enhanced consultation on regional peace and security (Joint statement)



Algeria and Senegal emphasized, Tuesday, the importance of enhancing consultation on issues of peace, security, and regional integration, reaffirming their commitment to respecting the sovereignty, independence, and territorial integrity of states, and to the principle of finding African solutions to African problems within the appropriate frameworks.

In a joint statement marking the conclusion of the sixth session of the Algerian-Senegalese Joint High Commission for Cooperation, co-chaired by Mr. Ahmed Attaf, Minister of State, Minister of Foreign Affairs National Community Abroad, and African Affairs, and Mr. Cheikh Niang, Minister of African Integration, Foreign Affairs, and Senegalese Abroad of the Republic of Senegal, both parties emphasized “the importance of enhancing consultation on issues of peace, security, and regional integration, especially in the face of the challenges facing the African continent.” They also reaffirmed “their commitment to respecting the sovereignty, independence, and territorial integrity of states, and to the principle of finding African solutions to African problems within the appropriate frameworks.”

In this context, the two parties agreed to “intensify consultation and coordination in the fields of combating terrorism, violent extremism, transnational organized crime, border security, and preventing and combating illicit trafficking, as well as enhancing capacities and exchanging expertise.”

They also reaffirmed their “steadfast support for the Palestinian cause and the inalienable right of the Palestinian people to self-

determination and to establish an independent, viable, and sovereign state, in accordance with relevant United Nations resolutions and the provisions of international law.”

In this context, “the two parties exchanged in-depth views on the most prominent regional and international issues of mutual interest,” and reaffirmed “their commitment to the principles and objectives enshrined in the United Nations Charter and the Constitutive Act of the African Union, as well as respect for international law, the peaceful settlement of disputes, and the promotion of multilateral cooperation.”

They also emphasized the necessity of “continuing efforts to reform the multilateral system, particularly the United Nations Security Council and the international financial system, to ensure a more just and equitable representation of Africa within global governance bodies.”

On the other hand, the two parties reaffirmed their commitment to the historical ties of friendship, brotherhood, solidarity, and mutual respect that unite the two peoples, as well as the shared African values that underpin their relations.

They also expressed their “satisfaction with the positive dynamics recorded in recent years, particularly thanks to the meetings and discussions between the President of the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, Mr. Abdelmadjid Tebboune, and His Excellency Mr. Bassirou Diomaye Diakhar Faye, President of the Republic of Senegal, as well as the working visit to Algeria by the Senegalese Minister of African Integration, Foreign Affairs, and Senegalese Abroad last July.”

In this context, the two parties agreed to “enhance regular political consultations, intensify visits and exchanges of high-level delegations, and encourage sectoral visits between the administrations, institutions, and specialized bodies of the two countries, in an atmosphere of mutual trust and respect.”

On the legal and institutional level, the two parties expressed their “satisfaction with the progress made in updating and strengthening the legal framework governing their bilateral cooperation.” They signed a set of agreements and memoranda of understanding, and agreed to continue consultations effectively in order to complete the drafting of the legal instruments that are still under negotiation.

As for the economic and commercial aspect, the two parties noted that the level of bilateral exchanges “is still below the potential available and the areas of integration between the economies of the

two countries.” They agreed, in this regard, to work toward “expanding and diversifying exchanges, promoting investments, and developing partnerships between economic operators in the two countries.”

In the field of human development, the two parties agreed to “enhance their cooperation in the areas of higher education, scientific research, vocational training, innovation, and skills development.”

They also expressed, in particular, their “desire to reactivate university exchange programs and scholarships and to encourage the movement of students, researchers, and experts between the two countries.”

It was also agreed to “develop exchanges in the cultural, sports, and youth fields, particularly by taking advantage of the opportunities provided by major sports and cultural events organized in both countries.”

In this context, the joint statement mentioned the reception of the Prime Minister, Mr. Sifi Ghrieb, by the heads of the two delegations within the framework of the sixth session of the Grand Joint Committee, where this meeting reaffirmed “the importance that both countries attach to consolidating and deepening the Algerian-Senegalese partnership, as well as the necessity of translating the agreed-upon directions into tangible actions and achievements.”

CISSA chairman hails Algeria as counterterrorism “beacon”



The president of the African Union’s Committee of Intelligence and Security Services (CISSA), head of the Libyan intelligence services, Mr. Abdelmajid Ibrahim Abdelkarim, stated on Wednesday in Algiers that Algeria, which has suffered greatly from terrorism, is now, thanks to

its dedicated children, a reference in the fight against terrorism, describing it as a “very influential state on the African continent.”

On the sidelines of his participation in the CISSA Regional Workshop, which is being held in Algiers from October 12 to 15, Mr. Abdelmajid Ibrahim Abdelkarim specified that Algeria is constantly working to combat scourges, emphasizing that hosting this regional workshop is proof of that.

On this occasion, he expressed his gratitude to Algeria for hosting this workshop at a “particularly important moment,” as well as to the Sahrawi Republic, which is this year presiding over the CISSA regional office for North Africa.

The speaker also assured that during this session, “particular attention was given to the regional developments in North Africa, a region marked by tensions on several issues, notably terrorism, irregular migration, human trafficking, organized crime, and many other issues affecting the security of the countries in the region.”

After emphasizing the importance of this workshop at the local and regional levels, Mr. Abdelmajid Ibrahim Abdelkarim indicated that this meeting aimed to examine and discuss several phenomena, particularly drug trafficking and its spread, highlighting the extent of the dissemination of these substances that target the populations of the region, especially the youth.

In this context, the speaker indicated that this phenomenon was part of “an organized action that falls within the framework of organized crime and is supported by terrorist networks that target the security and stability of states,” emphasizing that “all security and intelligence services are vigilant.”

He added that this workshop was part of this approach, especially since these scourges “accentuate the complexity of the situation in a context marked by geopolitical and geosecurity changes that make the region a hotspot of tensions.”

The same official also pointed out that these scourges had repercussions on the European continent, particularly on neighbouring countries, which, according to him, requires “increased vigilance, continuous communication, and an exchange of experiences between all the countries affected, to varying degrees, by these damages.”

“Africa is now a united whole, and the harm suffered by one country affects the entire continent,” he emphasized.

CISSA warns of deepening nexus between terrorism and criminal networks

Intelligence chiefs voiced concern in Algiers over the deepening nexus between terrorism and criminal networks in Africa, warning that it endangers state security.

The remarks came at the opening of the meeting of directors general of the Committee of Intelligence and Security Services of Africa (CISSA) for North Africa, chaired this year by the Sahrawi Arab Democratic Republic (SADR), which holds the presidency of the CISSA North Africa Regional Bureau.

CISSA Executive Secretary Jackson Victor Hamata said he was “deeply concerned” by the growing convergence and “symbiotic partnership” among terrorist groups, armed groups and criminal networks, which makes the fight against these threats even harder.

He said the response lies in “continuing to strengthen cooperation,” building the resilience of local communities and bringing border communities into national security strategies.

CISSA Chairman Abdelmajid Ibrahim Abdelkarim, who also heads Libya’s intelligence service, described the spread and use of drugs in North Africa as a highly serious issue, saying it poses a direct threat to state security and social stability.

Ali Hama Malou, the SADR’s national director for security, documentation and institutional protection, who chairs the North Africa region, voiced mounting concern over drug trafficking and consumption across the region.

He noted that North Africa’s position as a crossroads between West Africa, Europe and the Middle East leaves it “especially exposed” to international smuggling networks.

In his opening address, Sahrawi Prime Minister Bouchraya Hammoudi Bayoun said a security-based approach remains essential to tackling drug trafficking networks, “drying up their funding and dismantling their cells.”

Officials from the intelligence services of the region’s member states are taking part: Algeria, Libya, Egypt, Mauritania, the SADR and Tunisia.

Also attending are senior representatives from CISSA member states Botswana, Zimbabwe, Sudan, South Africa and Namibia, as well as the CISSA Executive Secretariat and delegates from the specialized African mechanisms taking part in the meeting.

The meeting is addressing the spread and use of drugs in the region and will consider and adopt resolutions stemming from the recommendations of the committee's expert-level meeting.

Algeria remains “trusted partner, faithful neighbour” in Africa

Algeria continues to play its role as a reliable partner and loyal neighbour, putting its experience and capabilities at the service of the security, stability, and development of the African continent, while adhering to its African identity and Sahelian neighbourhood, despite all the futile attempts to undermine the relations it maintains with brotherly and neighbouring countries, emphasizes the magazine El Djeïch (The Army) in its latest issue.



“Fully aware and convinced of its African identity and belonging to Africa, Algeria continues to work tirelessly for the unification of the African voice, to make its voice heard, to defend the interests of the continent, and to give more visibility to the aspirations of its countries and their peoples,” writes the magazine El Djeïch in its editorial titled “Algeria, a trusted partner and loyal neighbour.”

“It advocates against attempts to stifle the continent’s voice and marginalize its role in the process of reshaping the global order, despite all the capabilities and energies it harbours, calling on Africans to unite their efforts to move steadily toward a strong, united, and prosperous Africa.” An Africa whose voice is heard, enjoying security and fully playing its role in international decision-making.

The publication highlighted, in this context, the great credit of trust that Algeria enjoys among African countries, given its firm

positions on issues related to the continent and its immutable principles, as reflected in its presence in the highest bodies of the African Union, such as the African Union Commission and the Peace and Security Council.

“This trust is also reflected in the successive visits of numerous African leaders and high-ranking officials to our country, in a dynamic that demonstrates a full understanding of the profound changes underway in our regional space as well as a keen awareness of the necessity to diversify cooperation and partnership in order to meet various challenges and consolidate the security and stability of the region.”

“Algeria does not consider its presence in various African organizations as a mere formality, but rather as a historical responsibility and the expression of the trust of the continent’s countries, with the aim of enabling Africans to take charge of their own destiny, particularly in light of the current and future challenges that the continent is and will be facing.” Its efforts and initiatives stem from its firm conviction that the rooting of stability begins with prevention and dialog and is achieved through the strengthening of common African action and the primacy of peaceful solutions arising from the heart of the continent.

The publication noted, in this sense, that “our country, which believes in the common historical heritage of Africans, in their common aspirations, and in their community of destiny, has continually reaffirmed its unwavering commitment by adhering to this line.”

In this regard, El Djeïch recalled the statement of the President of the Republic, Abdelmadjid Tebboune, Supreme Commander of the Armed Forces, Minister of National Defence: “Algeria reaffirms its constant commitment to support any effort contributing to expressing our interests in Africa with one voice, promising to be a unifier that does not divide, a support that does not disappoint, and a voice that rises and does not lower when it comes to defending the concerns, causes, and aspirations of all our States united under the umbrella of our continental organization.”

The editorial noted that “the Algerian approach to establishing peace and security in Africa is based on clear constants, including the necessity of laying the foundations for common action, the rejection of imposed external solutions, the prevalence of dialog logic, and respect for the sovereignty of states.”

The magazine El Djeïch reiterated the statement by Army General Saïd Chanegriha, Minister Delegate to the Minister of National Defence,

Chief of Staff of the People's National Army, in line with this approach, in which he recalled that Algeria "... constantly emphasizes the responsibility of African states to strengthen the foundations of their national power and consolidate their sovereign immunity, in order to collectively contribute to the construction of a safe and stable African space, based on mutual respect, solidarity, and mutually beneficial inter-state relations, far from the logic of dependence or subordination."

In this perspective, "Algeria has, throughout these past years, worked toward the realization of a model," concludes the magazine El Djeïch.